

Product Name: AUTO DISHWASH LIQUID

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SECTION 1 – STATEMENT OF CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION			
SUPPLIER:	Minehan Agencies NZ Ltd		
ADDRESS (New Zealand):	91 Main Road, Hari Hari New Zealand 7863.		
Trade Name:	AUTO DISHWASH LIQUID		
TELEPHONE:	03 753 3206	Email:	admin@minehanagencies.co.nz
AH EMERGENCY	0800 764 766 in New Zealand	Product Code:	
TELEPHONE:	0800 704 700 III New Zealand	Product Code.	
Substance:	Water based	Product Use:	Liquid detergent
Creation Date:	July 2018	Revision Date:	July 2023

SECTION 2 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICA	ATION
Classification of the substance or	mixture
Poisons Schedule	S5 (ALKALINE SALTS)
Dangerous Goods	Not classified as Dangerous Goods
GHS Classification	Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Category 1
	Skin Irritation Category 2
HSNO Classification	8.3A Substances that are corrosive to ocular tissue
(New Zealand)	6.3A Substances that are irritating to the skin
Label elements	
GHS label pictograms	
Signal word	DANGER
Hazard statement(s)	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
Precautionary statement(s): Gene	eral
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read label before use.
Precautionary statement(s): Prev	ention
P280	Wear eye protection/face protection and protective gloves.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Precautionary statement(s): Resp	onse
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if
	present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P321	Specific treatment (see First Aid Measures on Safety Data Sheet).
Precautionary statement(s): Stora	age
	None allocated
Precautionary statement(s): Disp	osal
	None allocated



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Note		
	IMPORTANT	This SDS and the Hazard Classifications contained therein, only apply to the product in its
		concentrated form, as supplied.
		When diluted to 1:10 or greater they no longer apply.
		However, good hygiene and housekeeping practices should be adhered to.

SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS		
Ingredients:	CAS Number:	Proportion:
Disodium metasilicate	10213-79-3	<10 % w/w
Potassium carbonate	584-08-7	<10 % w/w
2-Aminoethanol	141-43-5	<10 % w/w
Ingredients determined to be non- hazardous	various	<10 % w/w
Water	7732-18-5	To 100 % w/w

NOTE: Ingredients determined not to be hazardous are present in concentrations that do not exceed the relevant cut-off concentrations as found from NOHSC publication "List of Designated Hazardous Substances" or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a hazardous substance as defined in the NOHSC publication "Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances", or have been found NOT to meet the criteria of a dangerous substance as defined in the GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS), 4th edition United Nations 2011. Listed ingredients may be below the cut-off concentrations for classification as hazardous, but are listed for information purposes and for additive effects.

SECTION 4 – FIRST AID N	1EASURES
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air away from exposure. Obtain medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	Immediately wash contaminated skin with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated
	clothing and wash before re-use. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor) if irritation, burning or redness persists.
Eye contact	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a
	doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Do NOT attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately. Give water to drink. If vomiting occurs, give further water to achieve effective dilution. Seek medical advice (e.g. doctor).
Advice to Doctor	Treat symptomatically.
Scheduled Poisons	Poisons Information Centre in each Australian State capital city or in Christchurch, New Zealand can provide additional assistance for scheduled poisons. (Phone Australia 131126 or 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (New Zealand) or +643 479 7248 (New Zealand).
First Aid Facilities	Eye wash station. Normal washroom facilities.

SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES		
Fire and Explosion	Non flammable liquid. However, on evaporation of the aqueous component, the residual	
Hazards	material may burn.	
Extinguishing Media	Use an extinguishing media suitable for surrounding fires.	
Fire Fighting	Keep containers exposed to extreme heat cool with water spray. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus if risk of exposure to products of combustion or decomposition.	
Flash Point	None	



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### SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **Emergency Procedures**

Minor spills do not normally need any special clean-up measures – rinse with water.

In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Increase ventilation. As a water based product, if spilt on electrical equipment the product will cause short-circuits. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent material onto spillage. Collect the material and place into a suitable labelled container. Do not dilute material but contain. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE		
Handling	Avoid skin or eye contact with concentrate. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. When handling, DO NOT eat, drink or smoke. Keep containers closed at all times. Avoid physical damage to containers. Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. Work clothes should be laundered. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.	
Storage	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. Protect from freezing. Store in suitable, labelled containers. Keep containers tightly closed. Store away from incompatible materials. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.	

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CO	ONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION
Exposure Limits	OSH (NZ): Time-weighted Average (TWA):
	None established for product.
	Ethanolamine: 3 ppm, 7.5 mg/m3
	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):
	None established for product.
	Ethanolamine: 6 ppm, 15 mg/m3
Ventilation	No special requirements. Use with adequate ventilation.
Personal Protective Equipment	Use good occupational work practice. The use of protective clothing and equipment depends upon the degree and nature of exposure. The following protective equipment should be available;
Eye Protection	Safety glasses should be used for handling concentrate in quantity, cleaning up spills, decanting, etc. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.
Hand Protection	Wear gloves of impervious material such as butyl rubber, natural latex, neoprene, PVC and nitrile – to handle in quantity, clean up spills, decanting, etc. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.
Body Protection	Suitable protective workwear, e.g. rubber or plastic apron, sleeves, boots and cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist are recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.



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Respirator

Generally not required for typical applications with diluted solutions as per label directions. If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements. Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
Physical State	Non-viscous liquid	Colour	Straw.
Odour	characteristic odour	Specific Gravity	1.08 – 1.12 @ 25 °C
<b>Boiling Point</b>	Approximately 100 °C	Freezing Point	Approximately 0 °C
Vapour Pressure	Not available	Vapour Density	Not available
Flash Point	Not flammable	Flammable Limits	none
Water Solubility	Miscible in all proportions	рН	11.25 – 11.45 neat
Volatile Organic	0 % v/v	Per Cent Volatile	Ca 80 % v/v
Compounds (VOC)	0 /0 V/V		
Viscosity	Not available	Odour Threshold	Not available

SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
Reactivity	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	
Conditions to Avoid	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.	
Incompatibilities	Reducing agents, oxidizing agents.	
Hazardous		
Decomposition	Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes.	

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION			
POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS			
No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label.			
Symptoms or effects that m	Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:		
Inhalation	Inhalation of mists or aerosols can produce mucous membrane and respiratory irritation.		
Skin contact	Properly diluted solutions not expected to be irritating to skin. Prolonged contact with concentrate may be irritating to skin. The symptoms may include redness, itching and swelling.		
Eye contact	Concentrated product causes eye irritation. Eye contact with concentrate will cause stinging, blurring, tearing. Contact with concentrated product may cause serious eye damage.		
Ingestion	Ingestion of this product may irritate the gastric tract causing nausea and vomiting.		
Chronic exposure	No known effects.		
Toxicology Information	Not toxic, based on ingredients. Oral LD50 (calculated) : >10,000 mg/kg		
Carcinogen Status			
NOHSC	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NOHSC.		
NTP	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.		
IARC	No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.		
Respiratory sensitisation	Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.		
Skin Sensitisation	Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.		
Reproductive Toxicity	Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.		
STOT-single exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.		
STOT-repeated exposure	Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.		
Aspiration Hazard	Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.		



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SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL	INFORMATION
Eco-toxicity	Acute Aquatic Toxicity NOT HAZARDOUS .
Product (as sold)	Not harmful to aquatic life. LC50 > 100mg/L.
	Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Calculated) LC50: 110 - 190 mg/L.
Eco-toxicity	Acute Aquatic Toxicity NOT HAZARDOUS .
Product (at use dilution	Not harmful to aquatic life. LC50 > 100mg/L.
1:100 rinse)	Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Calculated) LC50: 11,000 – 19,000 mg/L.
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable, based on ingredients.
Bio accumulative potential	No bioaccumulation is expected.
Mobility in soil	Due to its physico-chemical characteristics, highly mobile in the environment and will partition
Wobility III Soli	to the aquatic compartment.
Other adverse effects	Not available
<b>Environmental Protection</b>	Do not discharge this material into waterways.

# Dispose of waste according to applicable local and national regulations. Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. Wastes including emptied containers are controlled wastes and should be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION	
Labels Required	
	NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD ACCORDING TO LAND TRANSPORT RULE:DANGEROUS
	GOODS 2005; NZS 5433:2007, UN, IMDG OR IATA
	Not classified as Dangerous Goods.
IMDG Marine Pollutant	No
HAZCHEM	None allocated.
Land Transport (LAND TRA	NSPORT RULE:DANGEROUS GOODS 2005; NZS 5433:2007)
UN Number	None allocated.
ADG Code	None allocated.
HAZCHEM Code	None allocated.
Special Provisions	None allocated.
Packing Group	None allocated.
Packaging Method	None allocated.
Segregation	None allocated.

SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION	
HSNO Classification	
(New Zealand)	Classified as Hazardous.
SUSMP	S5
Group standard	Cleaning Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2006
Inventory Listing(s)	New Zealand: NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
	All components are listed on the NZIoC inventory, or are exempt
HSNO Approval Number	HSR002530



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Issue Date	13 <sup>th</sup> July 2018
Version Number	V 1.0 HSNO/GHS classification
Abbreviations and	ADG Code: Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.
	AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.
acronyms	CAS Number: Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number.
	GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	HAZCHEM: An emergency action code of numbers and letters which gives information to emergency
	services.
	HSIS: Hazardous Substances Information System.
	HSNO: Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996
	IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer.
	NOHSC: National Occupational Health and Safety Commission.
	NTP: National Toxicology Program (USA).
	NZDG: Land Transport Rule 45001/1 and NZS 5433
	SDS: Safety Data Sheet
	STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit.
	<b>SUSMP</b> : Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.
	TWA: Time Weighted Average.
	UN Number: United Nations Number.
Literature references	Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – Code of Practice (Safe Work Australia)
	GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List (Safe Work Australia)
	Guidance on the Classification of Hazardous Chemicals under the WHS Regulations.
	Global Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)
	"Australian Exposure Standards". Safework Australia
	Australian Code For The Transport Of Dangerous Goods By Road And Rail
	Land Transport Rule 45001/1 and NZS 5433
	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
	Material Safety Data Sheets – individual raw materials – Suppliers
	HSIS – Hazardous Substance Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.
	HCIS – Hazardous Chemical Information System – National Safe Work Australia Data Base.
	HSNO Assigning a Product to a HSNO Approval May 2013 / Revised June 2014.
	Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 and Regulations.
	Thresholds and Classifications Under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 JANUARY
	2012 (CONTENT AS ORIGINALLY PUBLISHED MARCH 2008) Environmental Protection Authority Te Mana
	Rauhi Taiao NZ.
Disclaimer	This MSDS summarizes at the date of issue our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of thi product, and in particular how to safely handle and use this product in the workplace. Since the supplier cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, review thi MSDS in the context of how the user intends to handle and use the product in the workplace. If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate assessment can be made, the user should contact this supplier.